

Practice Paper-1
SESSION ENDING EXAMINATION-(2025-26)
सत्रांत परीक्षा-(2025-26)

CLASS-IX

कक्षा-नौवीं

SUBJECT-SOCIAL SCIENCE

वषय-सामाजिक वज्ञान

MAX. MARKS-80 Marks

अ धकतम अंक-80 अंक

TIME ALLOTTED-3:00 Hours

नधा रत समय-3:00 घंटे

General Instructions:

1. There are 38 questions in the Question paper. All questions are compulsory. 2. The question paper consists of four Sections – A-History, B-Geography, C- Political Science, and D-Economics.
3. Each Section is of 20 Marks and has MCQs, VSA, SA, LAs and CBQ.
4. Very Short Answer Type Questions (VSA), carry 2 marks each. Answers to each question should not exceed 40 words.
5. Short Answer Type Questions (SA), carry 3 marks each. Answers to each question should not exceed 60 words.
6. Long answer type questions (LA), carry 5 marks each. Answers to each question should not exceed 120 words.
7. There are case based questions (CBQ) with three sub questions and are of 4 marks each. Answers to each question should not exceed 100 words.
8. The map-based questions carry 5 marks with two parts- Q9. In Section A-History (2 marks-World) and Q19. In Section B -Geography (3 marks-India)
9. There is no overall choice in the question paper. However, an internal choice has been provided in a few questions. Only one of the choices in such questions must be attempted.

Q. No.	Section-A (History)-20 Marks	Marks
1	Find the correctly matched pair: 1. John Locke — Two Treatises of Government 2. Jean Jacques Rousseau — The Spirit of the Laws 3. Montesquieu — Social Contract (A) Only 1 (B) Only 2 (C) Only 3 (D) All 1,2 and 3	1
2	The National Assembly completed the draft of the constitution in France in (A) 1701 (B) 1792 (C) 1971 (D) 1791	1
3	State Whether True or False: Lenin believed that rich peasants and traders in the countryside were holding stocks in the hope of higher prices. Which Article gave the President of Germany the powers to impose	1
4	emergency, suspend civil rights and rule by decree.	1

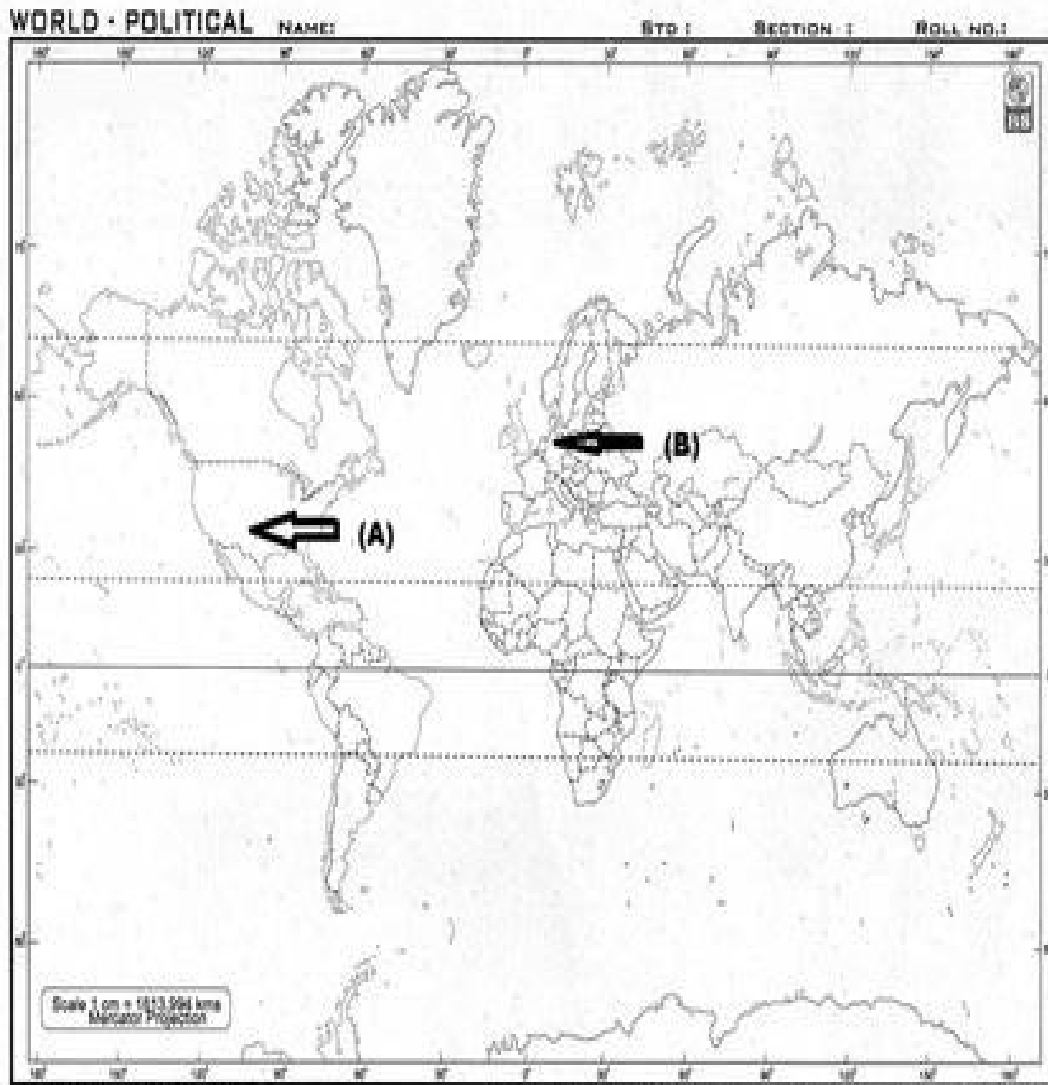
	(A) Article 45 (B)Article 48 (C) Article 46 (D) Article 41	
5	Define: Kulaks Or the Duma	2
6	Describe the legacy of the French Revolution for the peoples of the world during the nineteenth and twentieth centuries. OR Would you agree with the view that the message of universal rights was beset with contradictions? Explain.	3
7	Do you agree that Hitler devised a new style of politics. Justify your answer with examples. OR Discuss why Nazism became popular in Germany by 1930.	5
8	Read the below given Case-Study and answer the following questions: At the beginning of the twentieth century, the vast majority of Russia's people were agriculturists. About 85 per cent of the Russian empire's population earned their living from agriculture. This proportion was higher than in most European countries. For instance, in France and Germany the proportion was between 40 per cent and 50 per cent. In the empire, cultivators produced for the market as well as for their own needs and Russia was a major exporter of grain. Industry was found in pockets. Prominent industrial areas were St Petersburg and Moscow. Craftsmen undertook much of the production, but large factories existed alongside craft workshops. Many factories were set up in the 1890s, when Russia's railway network was extended, and foreign investment in industry increased. Coal production doubled and iron and steel output quadrupled. By the 1900s, in some areas factory workers and craftsmen were almost equal in number. 8.1. What is the main occupation of Russian People? 8.2. Name any 2 famous industrial centers of Russia? 8.3. Explain the Industrial sector of Russia?	1 1 2
9	Map Skill: Identify the Locations given in the World map. A) A country who was a member of the Allied Powers. B) A country who was a member of the Axis Powers.	1 1
Section-B (Geography)-20 Marks		
10	If you intend to visit Kavarati during your summer vacations, which one of the following Union Territories of India you will be going to..... (A) Puducherry (B) Andaman and Nicobar (C) Lakshadweep (D) Daman and Diu	1
11	The River rises in the Brahmagiri range of the Western Ghats and it reaches the Bay of Bengal in south of Cuddalore in Tamil Nadu. (A) Kaveri (B) Godavari (C) Krishna (D) Mahanadi	1
12	Which one of the following characterises the cold weather season in India? (A) Warm days and warm nights (B) Warm days and cold nights	1

	(C) Cool days and cold nights (D) Cold days and warm nights																																								
13	<p>Choose the correct option:</p> <p>Assertion (A): The Ganga River develops large meanders in the plains.</p> <p>Reason (R): From Ambala to the Sundarban Delta, the river flows over a very gentle slope with a fall of only one metre for every 6 km. Options: (A) Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A. (B) Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A. (C) A is true, but R is false. (D) A is false, but R is true.</p>	1																																							
14	<p>Large proportion of children in a population is a result of.....</p> <p>(A) high birth rates (B) high death rates</p> <p>(C) high life expectancies (D) more married couples</p>	1																																							
15	<p>According to the Census, a “literate” person is one who</p> <p>(A) can read and write his/her name</p> <p>(B) can read and write any language</p> <p>(C) is 7 years old and can read and write any language with understanding</p> <p>(D) knows the 3 ‘R’s (reading, writing, arithmetic)</p>	1																																							
16	Write the easternmost and westernmost longitude of India.	2																																							
17	<p>Which are the major physiographic divisions of India? Contrast the relief of the Himalayan region with that of the Peninsular plateau.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <p>Distinguish between Western Ghats and Eastern Ghats.</p>	2+3=5 OR 5																																							
18	<p>Analyse the given image carefully and answer the following questions:</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Line represents Temperature and Buildings represents rainfall.</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px;"> <p style="text-align: center;"><i>Figure 1 : Temperature and Rainfall of Delhi</i></p> <table border="1" style="margin-top: 10px;"> <caption>Data for Figure 1: Temperature and Rainfall of Delhi</caption> <thead> <tr> <th>Month</th> <th>Temperature (°Celsius)</th> <th>Rainfall (Centimetres)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>Jan.</td><td>15</td><td>2</td></tr> <tr><td>Feb.</td><td>18</td><td>2</td></tr> <tr><td>Mar.</td><td>23</td><td>2</td></tr> <tr><td>Apr.</td><td>30</td><td>2</td></tr> <tr><td>May</td><td>33</td><td>2</td></tr> <tr><td>Jun.</td><td>31</td><td>7</td></tr> <tr><td>Jul.</td><td>30</td><td>19</td></tr> <tr><td>Aug.</td><td>29</td><td>18</td></tr> <tr><td>Sep.</td><td>29</td><td>12</td></tr> <tr><td>Oct.</td><td>25</td><td>2</td></tr> <tr><td>Nov.</td><td>19</td><td>1</td></tr> <tr><td>Dec.</td><td>15</td><td>2</td></tr> </tbody> </table> </div>	Month	Temperature (°Celsius)	Rainfall (Centimetres)	Jan.	15	2	Feb.	18	2	Mar.	23	2	Apr.	30	2	May	33	2	Jun.	31	7	Jul.	30	19	Aug.	29	18	Sep.	29	12	Oct.	25	2	Nov.	19	1	Dec.	15	2	4
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	<p>18.1. In which month does Delhi record the highest temperature?</p> <p>18.2. Which month receives the highest rainfall in Delhi?</p> <p>18.3. Describe the pattern of rainfall in Delhi during the monsoon months.</p>																																								

	<p>In any society people are bound to have differences of opinions and interests. These differences are particularly sharp in a country like ours which has an amazing social diversity. People belong to different regions, speak different languages, practise different religions and have different castes. They look at the world very differently and have different preferences. The preferences of one group can clash with those of other groups. How does one resolve such a conflict? The conflict can be solved by brutal power. Whichever group is more powerful will dictate its terms and others will have to accept that. But that would lead to resentment and unhappiness. Different groups may not be able to live together for long in such a way. Democracy provides the only peaceful solution to this problem. In democracy, no one is a permanent winner. No one is a permanent loser. Different groups can live with one another peacefully. In a diverse country like India, democracy keeps our country together.</p> <p>28.1. According to the passage, which system provides a peaceful solution to conflicts? 1M 28.2. Why do people in a society have differences of opinion? 1M 28.3. How does democracy help different groups live together peacefully? 2M</p>	
	Section-D (Economics)-20 Marks	
29	<p>The Academy of Development Science (ADS) supports NGOs in setting up Grain Banks in Maharashtra. How does this initiative contribute to food security?</p> <p>(A) By promoting luxury food consumption (B) By limiting access to food (C) By encouraging food wastage (D) By ensuring food availability during scarcity</p>	1
30	<p>State whether True or False: A literate and healthy population is an asset.</p>	1
31	<p>Pradhan Mantri Surakshit Matritva Abhiyan was launched in with the aim to reduce maternal and infant mortality by providing quality antenatal care to the pregnant women throughout the country.</p> <p>(A) 2005 (B) 2015 (C) 2025 (D) 2016</p>	1
32	<p>There are about 5.5 lakh ration shops all over the country. Ration shops also, known as.....</p> <p>(A) Minimum Support Price (B) Public Distribution System (C) Buffer stock (D) Fair Price Shops</p>	1
33	<p>Expand PMUY:</p> <p>(A) Pradhan Mantri Ujjwala Yojana (B) Pradhan Mantri Unnati Yojana (C) Pradhan Mantri Ujala Yojana (D) Pradhan Mantri Ullas Yojana</p>	1
34	<p>This Act provides for food and nutritional security at affordable prices and enables people to live a life with dignity. Under this act, 75% of the rural population and 50% of the urban population have been categorised as eligible households for food security.</p> <p>(A) Food Corporation of India (FCI) (B) Green Revolution</p>	1

	(C) The National Food Security Act (D) Antyodaya Anna Yojana	
35	What part does health play in the individual's working life?	3 3
36	How is human resource different from other resources like land and physical capital?	1+2=3
37	Do you think that the present methodology of poverty estimation is appropriate? How?	5
38	Discuss the major reasons for poverty in India. OR Is MGNREGA known as 'Right to Work'? Describe its main features.	OR 1+4=5

Map for Q.no. 9(Section A)



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© Government of India, Copyright 2002. Based upon Survey of India Map with the permission of the Surveyor General of India. The vertical extent of India extend till the sea to a distance of twelve nautical miles measured from the appropriate base line.

Map for Q.no. 19(Section B)

